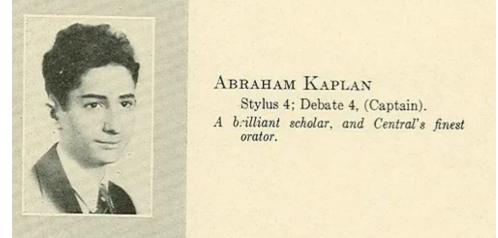
Vintage Duluth

Duluth Public Library

Abraham Kaplan

JUNE 4, 2007FEBRUARY 4, 2011 / VINTAGE DULUTH



From the 1933 Zenith (Duluth Central High School Yearbook)

Noted philosopher Abraham Kaplan was born in Odessa, Russia, in 1918, and moved to Duluth, Minnesota, at the age of six with his family. His father was Joseph J. Kaplan, a rabbi, and his mother was Chava Kaplan. Joseph served as rabbi at the Tifereth Israel Synagogue at Third Avenue East and Fourth Street from the mid-1920s until about 1940. While in Duluth, the family resided at 308 E. Sixth Street and at 229 E. Fourth St.

Abraham had four older sisters—Edna, Eva, Etta, and Sadie. He entered Duluth Central High School in 1931 at the age of 13. He was involved in the Stylus Club literary magazine and the Debate Team, and was chosen as captain of the Debate Team for the 1932-33 school year. He graduated from Central in 1933 at 15 years of age. Next to his yearbook photo is the caption: "A brilliant scholar, and Central's finest orator."



From the 4/28/68 Duluth News Tribune

Abraham Kaplan attended Duluth Junior College for two years. While there, he and another student won the National Junior College Forensics tournament, which helped Kaplan win a full scholarship to the College of St. Thomas in St. Paul, MN, where he majored in Chemistry. Upon graduation from St. Thomas in 1937, Kaplan was able to attend graduate school at the University of Chicago with the financial assistance of some Jewish businessmen from Duluth. He studied Philosophy at Chicago from 1937 to 1940, working under Rudolf Carnap and visiting lecturer Bertrand Russell. In 1940, he transferred to UCLA and earned his PhD there in 1942.

Kaplan taught philosophy at UCLA from 1946 to 1963, and then moved to the University of Michigan where he served as a philosophy professor until 1972. Later that year, he moved to Israel where he taught at the University of Haifa. After retirement, he lectured in the U.S. He died in Los Angeles on June 19, 1993.

Kaplan authored several prestigious books, including <u>Power and</u> <u>Society</u> (1960), <u>New World of Philosophy</u> (1962), and <u>In Pursuit of</u> <u>Wisdom</u> (1977), and was awarded a Guggenheim Fellowship in 1945 and a Rockefeller Fellowship in 1957. He was featured in the May 6, 1966, issue of <u>Time Magazine</u> as one of ten outstanding college teachers in the U.S. Kaplan returned to Duluth several times to lecture at UMD, the College of St. Scholastica, and the Jewish Educational Center.

Abraham Kaplan married Iona Judith Wax on November 17, 1939. They had two daughters, Karen and Jessica.

Forgotten Duluthians

3 thoughts on "Abraham Kaplan"

1. Dave Lull

<u>JUNE 5, 2011 AT 11:56 AM</u>

Lane Wilkinson, librarian and philosopher, points out that "[a]s one of the core, foundational texts in the philosophy of librarianship, Abraham Kaplan's 'The Age of the Symbol' is a testament to the importance of appreciating the philosophical foundations of librarianship" in his blog posting "The Age of The Symbol (Essential Readings in the Philosophy of LIS)":

http://senseandref.blogspot.com/2011/06/age-of-symbolessential-readings-in-lis.html

<u>REPLY</u>

2. Lane Wilkinson

JUNE 7, 2011 AT 10:53 AM Thanks for the trackback! & I hope it's okay that I've used your image.

<u>REPLY</u>

• <u>dplreference</u>

JUNE 7, 2011 AT 12:53 PM

Thanks for the information on Kaplan. Yes, definitely okay to use the image. It's his 1933 high school yearbook picture.

<u>REPLY</u>

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